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## INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

### CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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		CONFIDENTIAL	REPORT
COUNTRY	Hungary		DATE DISTR. 13 Nov. 1956
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#### Urban Area Information on Szeged

Reference is made to Enclosure A which is an overlay of a non-standard city plan of SZEGED, scale 1:10,000

| Numbers in parentheses refer to numbers on the overlay.

- (1) Public telephone booth. Measured about 1 x 1 x 2.20 meters, metal frame with glass panes, painted yellow. Contained one automatic coin telephone, usable for local calls only at a cost of 40 filler; two 20-filler coins were necessary to operate the telephone. It was located on the west side of Vásárhelyi Sugárůt, in front of the house numbered 151.
- (2) Post office. A one-story brick building measuring about 6 x 5 x 5 meters, with a tiled gable roof. Only one employee worked in this small post office which had letter and package drops. It also had facilities for placing long-distance telephone calls, although no telephone exchange or telegraph office was located here.
- (3) Textile Industrial Technical School (Textil Ipari Technikum). Built this installation was originally intended during 1951, for the Hungarian Defense Ministry and was to have become an AVH it was common knowledge among caserne. workers during the installation's construction that it was to be a military installation. AVH officers in blue uniforms were seen inspecting the construction work in 195#. After the completion of this installation in the fall of 1951, the Traffic University (Koslekedesi Egyetem) moved in and began operation. This institution, newly established, and the only one of its kind in Hungary, was moved to SZOLNOK (M4710, E2011) in the spring of 1952. The installation then became a girls' dormitory for the Textile Industrial Technical School, which at that time was located downtown near Smeged University. During the summer of 1953 there was some remodelling as large-size class rooms were made, garages turned into workshops, etc. In the fall of 1953, the Textile Industrial Technical School moved in. Reference is made to sketch of this school. The Figure 1 on page 20, legend to this sketch follows. Numbers in brackets refer to numbers on
  - Vásárhelyi Sugárüt. A thoroughfare approximately 30 meters wide, with a concrete surfaced road about 8 meters wide; there were drainage ditches and brick sidewalks on each side. One lane of the road was a single-track streetcar line with an overhead power line.
  - Gate. One large two-winged gate for vehicles and a small gate for pedestrians, constructed of wire mesh on steel frames. The vehicle gate was always closed.

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- Gate house. A small one-story building measuring about 4 x 4 x 3 meters, with a flat concrete roof. The building was equipped with an iron bed, table, chair, stove, and a telephone. During week days guards were posted here from 0700 to 2200 hours.
- Fence. Wire mesh supported by reinforced—concrete poles about 2.20 meters high and 20 x 20 cm thick. The top sections of these poles curved inwards and were sopped with three or four strands of barbed wire.
- Building. A one-story building measuring about 4 x 4 x 3 meters with a flat concrete roof, one door, and one window.
- Building. A three-story brick building with a basement, reinforced-concrete foundation, and a flat concrete roof covered
  with ter paper. Shape was as shown, measuring about 80 x 12 x
  16 to 18 meters. A corridor about 1.30 to 1.40 meters wide ran
  the length of the building. The north wing housed the kitchen,
  dining room, and class rooms. The south wing was the girle'
  dormitory. There was one main outrance, a two-winged, glasspaned, wooden-frame door located in the center of the west side
  of the building. There was a small door located at the north
  end, another at the south. There were three stairways, one main
  staircase in the center, and a smaller one at each end of the
  building.
- Gymnasium. A brick attracture measuring about 35 x 20 x 8 to 9 meters, with a flat concrete roof. It was constructed in 1953-54 as an addition to the rear of the building of Point (6). The only entrance was through the west end of the main building. It contained a basketball court, shower and dressing rooms. Its windows were very large.
- Warehouse. A one-story brick structure with a low pitched gable roof. The building measured about 15 x 3 to 3.5 x 3 meters.

  There was one door on the west end, and perhaps another on the
- Pumphouse. A one-story brick building with a low pitched gable roof. The building measured about 3 x 3 x 5 meters. It housed an electrically operated pump which supplied the installation's required water pressure. Water was obtained from a public artesian well, located some 200 meters east of the building. It was potable and plentiful.
- Ammunition dump. A brick structure with a gable roof covered with red tile. The structure measured about 8 x 8 x 5, or 7 x 5 x 5 meters. An earth dike about 5 meters high surrounded the building. It was about 4 meters wide at the base, narrower at the top. The building was set about 1 to 12 meters down into the ground; total height from the base of the foundation was

about 3 meters. A wooden-frame door of regular size was located on the east side. This sum dump had never been used.

- Building. A one-story brack structure measuring about 12 x 12 x 3.5 meters, with a flat concrete roof. The building contained three offices for the workshops of Point (12) and had two entrances, one on the mest and one on the needs side. A door connected it to the workshops or garage ballading, Point (12).
- Workshops or garages. A reinforced-concrete frame structure.

  Its walls were filled in with red brick. It had a flat concrete roof, a concrete floor, and reasoned about 45 to 50 x 12 x 5 meters. Two-winged wooden, glass-paned doors extended along the entire west side. Wearing machines were possibly installed in this building.

#### Refer back to Enclosure A.

- (4) Post Office. A small local post office located in a one-story corner building at the western end of loth Street. The building also housed private apartments. Facilities were the same as for the post office, Point (2).
- (5) Lippai immberyard (Lippai fatelsp). This yard measured about 150 meters east-west by 250 meters north-south. It produced boards, poles, laths, etc. Raw lumber was brought down the Thesa River, or by rail-road, from the north, logs which had been Theated down the river were brought into the yard through a system of team lines, which individually were about 75 or 98 cm, wide and orthes-crossed the entire yard. Logs were pulled from the river by a steel cable connected to an electric motor. There were at lease 60 employees at the lumberyard. Finished products were transported from the yard by rail almost daily. A rail-road siding lay along the south side of the yard, which was connected by European-standard gauge railroad tracks to the SZEGED streeteer line system. An electric locemotive of about 120 HP pulled cars to and from the main SZEGED railroad yards. The lumber yard entrance located or Felső Thesapart was on the same side of the yard as the railroad siding. Generally known as "Lippai Fatelep", the yard was state-owned but Scurces did not know its new name, if any.
- (6) Lime-burning installation (Messegotö). This was a lime kiln with a brick smoke stack about 20 meters high and about 6 or 7 meters in diameter. Entrance was on Felső Tiszapart.
- (7) Southern Hungarian Shos Factory (Déli Magyarországi Cipógyár). An "L" shaped two-story brick building with a tiled gable roof. The building extended along the north side of Romai Korút, along the west side of Révtelen utoa, and the east side of Szilleri Sugárüt. The Romai Korút side of the building was about 50 meters long, that along Szilleri Sugárüt, about 100 meters long. Employees worked in two shifts, 0600 to 1400 and 1400 to 2200 hours, six days a week, for a total of 48

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working hours. The total hamber of employees was estimated at 400, a large percentage of which were women. Boots and men's and women's shoes were produced here. There were two entrances, one in the center of the side facing Roman words, one that on Sailleri Sugarat. There was also a loading politic angle coor, on Newtolon tites. Shops, showers, dressing rooms, and a high voltage transformer were located in the basement.

- (8) Police station. Station, the locate on the morth side of Romai Korût, between Nevtelon útogodas has tibes, occupied two rooms of the first floor of a two-sample has the case. Assertant and about 10 policemen were assigned here. Police registration of this populace was accomplished here. Responsible patted areas the station was the Felsovaros district.
  - (9) Postal Cultural Conter (Process Rultur Tishes Remodelled in 1954 from a bowling alleys it had a southing deposity of about 200 in a large room with a small stage. Market were shown three times weekly at standard admission prices. Postable wooden chairs, bound together in rows, were removed for dances, room to resolvends, stage shows presented by the Saeged National Theater and the Escara Theater were featured.
- (10) Post office. Facilities some as those cascribed for Point(2).

  It was a one-room office resonanting 6 x q maters on the first floor of a two-story apartment house at the countr of Grent Miklos utos and Vasarhelyi Sugarut. The superson was on the corner. A mail box was located on the outside. Three people worked in this post office.
- (11) Cultural Hall of the Polanomer MAIZ. This was a large, one room migh building with many rooms, including one measuring about 20-25 m 10-12 maters with a stage where dances and celebrations took place. There were also game rooms. Military induction ceremonies were hald here every year. The building, located at Munkacsy utca #6, extended eastward to Posto utca. "U"-shaped, its arms measured about 40 meters long and its center section about 30.
- (12) Bread bakery. Street overs here, heated by liquid gas.
  There were 10 or 12 suplayees. The bakery supplied Algy Airfield and other unspecified military installations.
- (13) Salt warehouse. A low building with a high-pitched, tiled gable roof.
  Its entrance was on Felad the separt.
- (14) PICK Salami Factory. A two-story brick building adjacent to the warehouse, Point (15), the meat feacus calami factory in Rungary. There were runors of renovations and extensions, but sources knew only that a new drier had been installed. No external construction was observed. Slaughtering was not done here. Finished products were removed by truck.



- (15) River police station. It was located in the basement of an apartment house on the corner of Sztalin Kordt and Felsd Tiezapart. The total force was about 10 men. Three motor boats were available.
- (16) Communist Party building. It housed the city and district Party head-quarters, also an AVH guard station. It housed the county Party head-quarters until 1954. A three-story plastered building, it was the only building in the area that was painted white. One AVH armed guard was on duty at all times. Special documentation, type unknown, was required for entry. An attached small garage with parking space for three cars had its entrance directly on the street. County Party headquarters moved to Hodmesövásárhely (N 4625, E 2020) during 1954 when the county seat was shifted there from Saggad.
- (17) Hungarian-Soviet Friendship Society (Magyar Szovjet Tarsaság, MSZT).

  A large three-story brick building with a tiled gable roof, it contained a large hall measuring about 30 x 15 x 8 meters, equipped with a balcony and portable stage. This hall had the largest and most attractive dance floor in Szeged, was also used for meetings and stage shows. The building formerly belonged to the Craftemen's Association #45 (Ipartestület).
- (18) Public telephone booth. Same as Point (1), it was located on the north corner of Sztalin Korit and Kossuth Lajos Sugarit.
- (19) Postal directory. It was a three-story brick building measuring about 30 x 12 x 12 meters, with a tiled gable roof. There were single-story wings on the south, west, and north sides. this was the postal directory for southern Hungary. Gyula MART was its deputy chief and that Richard ARNOLD a postal engineer, was employed in this building.
- (20) Fire department (Yazolto Laktanya). It also served as a first-aid station. It was the only public fire department in Sueged and also served neighboring small towns. There were, however, small fire stations in almost every large plant and factory. Reference is made to Figure 2 on page 41, Following is the legend to this eketon. Numbers in brackets refer to numbers on the sketch.
  - and 2 Fire-department caserne. One two-story building with beds for firemen on duty. The department maintained a two-lane bowling alley in the basement beneath Point 2.
  - Fire-truck garages (Kessenleti Szertar). Six to eight vehicles were maintained in this one-story building. One was a personnel carrier for 20-25 persons, another was a gasoline truck which hauled water. Two of the vehicles were ladder-trucks, one automatic, the other operated manually. There were also about three fire trucks equipped with hoses and automatic pumps.

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- 747 Yard. Lined with cobblestones.
- Ambulance garage. A one-story building housing 10 to 12 ambulances varying in size with capacities from 2 to 12 stretchers.

  Makes were Canadian Ford, Csepel, and Skoda.
- [6] First-Aid Station (Menté Allomás). An alert squad was on duty at all times in this one-story building. It was mainly made up of senior medical students. Two nurses, usually male, were also in the squad.
- [7] Gate. Located on the northwest side of Sailagyi utoa, it gave access to the first aid station and ambulance garages.
- [8] Fire-department office building. About 80 men were on duty in this two-story building at all times.
- Hain entrance. Located on the west side of Mossuth Lajos Sugarat. Refer back to Enclosure A.
- (21) Iron and Metallurgical Cooperative (Vas ds Fémipari Szövetkezet). A one-story brick building, its main entrance was on Lechner Ter. About 40 employees operating six or seven small lathes produced gas and cil lamps, and model aircraft engines. This co-op was formerly the Hodacs Lamp Factory (Hodacs Lampagyar).
- (22) MURKA Machine Repair Shop (NURKA Gépjavité Mühely). This shop was part of the co-op described in Point (21). Many kinds of pliers were produced here for the smed services. Sources did not know for what purpose about 20 lathes were being used.
- (23) Public telephone booth. Same as booth, Point (1), it was located on the south side of Kossuth Lajos Sugarat opposite the entrance gate to the AVH caserne, Point (48).
- (24) Brewery. About 30 people were employed here; it was the former "Dreher" brewery. Beer was delivered by five horse-drawn vehicles and two trucks.
- (25) Southern Hungarian Power Supply's Electric Consumption Meter Inspection and Transformer Repair Shop (Délmagyarországi Aramszolgáltató Vállalat Mérő Hitelesító és Trafó Javitó Uzeme-DAV). A complex of many one-story buildings, this installation serviced all of Sweged, repairing and maintaining power lines, transformers, fuses, etc.

  about 120 people worked here, 20 of whom were women.
- (26) Gas Works and Thermal Power Plant. 1.
- (27) Cold-storage plant (Hett Has). Formerly known as the National Cooperative Cold Storage Plant, it also housed a brush factory which employed mostly women. No further information.

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- (28) Clothing factory. A complex of buildings which framerly housed a tobacco factory that was moved in 1948. Most buildings were three stories high. Approximately 1,200 employers, of which at least 80 per cent were women, worked here in two shiften, thus 0000 to 1400 and from 1400 to 2200 hours. Principal products were allocated of military clothing, although some civilian clothing such as sharps and raincoats were also manufactured.
- (28a) National Pharmaceutical Enterprise (Gyoggestations of Montest Vallalat).

  A new three-story building on the northwest associated Kosesah Lajos
  Sugardt, it was illuminated at night. Mo Enterlose information.
- (29) Brickyard. This installation has been idde non years.
- (50) Szeged Canning Factory (Szegedi Konzery Read).
- (31) Szeged Rokus railroad station. The company part of the comption building was a three-story brick structure, measuring about 50 x 25 moters, with a tiled gable roof. The wings were two storter high. The waiting room contained a library, ticket and baggage officers, a harber shop, tobacco and candy stores, and a snack bar-Five or six one-story warehouses, two with loading remain, were in the immediate area. Bach ramp was about 60 meture homes. Approximately nine European-etandard-gauge tracks passed through tale station, two for passenger trains. The others connected the loading ramps and a livestook yard. This station was located on the Hodmandvasarhely and Békéscsaba (N 4639, E 2105) line which hemilies foodetusse for the Sweged Canning Factory, Point (50), and coal for the Sweged Thermal Power Plant and Gas Works, Point (26) . Strangent of the saw wilk care at this station. Traffic amnounted to about 10 passenger and 4 freight trains daily. Traffic was much lighter than before World War II as trains no longer operated to and from Yugoslavin.
- (32) Jute Spinning and Textile Weaving factory (Jatabous on Sedviggar).

  Formerly known as the British-Hungarian Jute Spinning and Textile

  Weaving factory, it is one of the oldest factories in Hungary. It was

  very dirty and dusty.
- (33) Sweet Pig Pattening Farm (Sweet Sertée Highalds).

  there were from 6,000 to 8,000 pigs at this farm, which

  consisted of an office building, two warehouses, a feet grinding
  building, and a workshop containing two lathes and other tools.
- (34) Plywood factory (Falence Gyar). This, the only plywood factory in Saeged, was supposed to begin production of a completely new material, similar to bakelite, by the end of 1954. This factory was then to have become the only one of its kind in Hungary. Previously there had been some new construction and a steam boiler had been installed.

  The chief engineer of the new production effort was István BARASAS.

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(35)	Brickyard.	It had a brick amokentack 50 maters high.
(36)	Brickyard. Point (35).	this was a per- of the terriport

- (37) Air Police Patrol (Civil Air Patrol logi Remands & law). Ebout 10 to 15 policemen were stationed at Szegen Adviced & crieros airfield and flying regulations.
- (38) Police study class (Rendor Managardaly). About 150 sen took regular routine police training here. It was such like a chaester.
- (39) Szeged Airfield. 3.
- (40) Textile Combine (Textil Rombinat). This installations and been built since World War II. A special power line decimed to the Szeged Thermal Power Plant, which was also occurred to the order transformer station in Szeged. Products were unknown to necessary this factory was supposedly equipped with an automatic fire—construction of the Textile Combine. Following in the largement to thus sketch of Numbers in brackets of for numbers on the sketch.
  - Carage building. A one-atony, concern fresh conductive with a flat concrete roof and concrete from. The building measured about 16 by 6-8 by 3.5-4 meters. It was one large mough to accommodate busses.

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- Pump house. A one-story building, measured; foot 5 x 5 x 3 meters, with a flat concrete roof, housing seter pumps.
- Water tower A reinforced constrain structure supported by three concrete legs with a stairway in the staidle contriling up to the tank proper. Over-all height was about 40 maters, while the tank itself was about 6 maters high out 6 maters in diameter. There was a lightning red on top. This water tower served only the Combine installation.

  [Its delivered water pressure to be "about 4 these atmospheric pressure". Water was probably obtained from a nearby artesian well.
- Pence. A wire mean fence supported by reinforced-admorate poles topped by barbed wire, it surrounted the endrs installation.
- [5] Transformer shauk. 1.
- Workshop, repairshop, and laboratory bullding. Measuring about 90 x 20 to 30 x 6 meters, this building was divided into two sections. The southern part was two stories high with offices on the upper floor. The ground floor was the laboratory, where testing of materials was conducted. The northern part of the



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building was occupied by workshops and repairshops equipped with lathes, saws, and machines for gear bobbing, cutting, planing, and drilling. This whole section was interfaced with small offices, doors, and hallways.

- Weaving room (Fonoterem). Measuring about 100 x 60 x 6 meters, this large hall's ceiling was supported by a large number of reinforced-concrete columns about 30 cm square in thickness. In this room there were about four different types of waving machines, all having USSR inscriptions. This section contained about 150 weaving machines and employed about 40 women. Its roof was flat and partially covered with glass bricks.
- Carding room. (Kartold). Measuring about 100 x 20 x 6 meters, it was divided into many smaller rooms, equipped sith carding machines, which were directly connected to the loading ramp and railroad siding, Point (10). Haw materials peckaged in one square-meter boxes were delivered here by Fail.
- Storage place. Measuring about 80 x 30 x 6 maters, it was divided into individual storage rooms. However, operating machinery may have been located in its southern part. Noth waw materials and finished products were stored here. There were many entrances on all sides.
- Railroad siding. This siding was connected to the Seeged streeter line system by a standard-European-gauge rail line. Railroad cars were normally brought back and forth from the Seeged Freight Railroad Station by a streeter lecomotive powered by a 120-horse-power electric motor.
- Main gate. A two-winged, iron bar gate about six matters wide and two meters high, it was kept open most of the time. There was also a small pedestrian entrance.
- /12/ Tolbuchin Sugarut. Formerly Kalvaria utca.
- Gate house. A single-story building measuring about 4 x 4 x 3 meters with a flat concrete roof. There was one man on duty here at all times.
- [14] Gate. An iron bar gate which blocked the railroad siding, it was only unlocked for rail traffic.
- [15] Yard.
- Entrance. A steel-framed door with glass pance, used by most employees.

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- Bicycle parking shack. A concrete, recated, parking stand for about 200 bicycles.
- [18] Small gate. A small iron gate for pedestrians and bicycle riders.
- [19] Plant cafeteria. A dining room measuring about 18 x 10 meters.
- [20] Kitchen. For the plant cafeteria.
- 217 Gym. A large room measuring about 30 x 20 x 6 meters, it was also used as a theater. This gym was equipped with a basketball court and other equipment. Dances were also held here occasionally. The second floor of this building housed offices and a studio which had a microphone for the public-address system which operated throughout the plant. This second floor could only be reached through a stairway inside the gym.
- Ventilation room. A large room measuring about 22 x 15 x 6 meters, its entrance was from the hallway, Point (25). The steel door here led to a long corridor, on the walls of which were many fuse boxes. Inside the room there were two large ventilators, each powered by an electric motor of about 600 horse-power. The ventilators were directly connected to plant machinery to remove dust.
- Hallway. A hallway two to three meters wide and about three meters high, led from one end of the building to the other. The floor was concrete and its walls were decorated with pictures. This corridor was lined with doors on both sides, the doors on the north were metal whereas on the south they were wooden with the exception of the ventilation room door.
- [247, [257, and [26] Washrooms.
- [27] Driveway. Concrete, with a flower bed in the center.
- [28] Main entrance. Double doors made of metal frames with glass panes.
- 297 Small unack bar.
- DISZ office. The office measured about 4 x 5 x 3.5 meters, there was one employee here, the DISZ secretary.
- [317 Office. No information.
- [32] Hallway. Employees' time clocks were located in this hallway, which had a stairway leading to the second floor, where several offices were located.

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[33] Entrance. All visitors had to report here for entrance passes.
[34], [35], [36], and [31] Offices. No information.

Refer back to Enclosure A

- (41) Southern Hungarian Warehouse (Délmagyarorsadgi Raktàr). Of concrete construction with a flat roof, it measured about 30 m 15 m 15 meters with many small windows about 50 cm square. Where was a loading ramp and a railroad siding connected to the streetosm meto.
- (42) The Saeged Iron Foundry (Szegedi Vasontöde). Re-equipped in about 1949, it was formerly a small privately-owned foundry. Raw metal blocks for electric motors, and metal housings for electric cil switches were being cast for KISS Motors and Manchan Manufacturing (KISS Motor & Gépgyar) and Gans Electrical Manafacturing, BUDAPEST (Gans Villamos Gyar BUDAPEST). Finished products were transported to BUDAPEST daily by air. There were about 40 employees, which included about 15 office employees, at this plant. Here KISS, about 24 years of age, an ardent communist, and a 1951 graduate of the Saeged Technical High School, was believed to be the chief engineer. Imre Kiss was not an engineer although he occupied this position with a monthly salary of 2,600 forints. He was about 180 cm. call, of medium build, weighed about 80 kg, had black hair, bluish-groy eyes, and looked rough. He was the CF secretary in school, did not serve in the armed forces, was married and had two children.
- (43) Saeged Enife Factory (Saegedi Kôa Gyár). A complex of two or three two-story buildings, it produced knives, sciasors, and other small articles. It employed about 200 people, of whom about 40 were technical draftsmen and office employees.
- (44) Motor Vehicle Caserne (Géphocsizé Laktanya). Formerly the Russér Laktanya.5.
- (45) Szikra Match Fractory Smikra Gyufa Gyár). It consisted of one four-story brick building with a low-pitched, gable roof, and a few smaller buildings. The large building measured about 80 x 30 x 15 meters and faced on Possonyi utca. There were about three entrances, one was in the center of the block at Csemegi utca; the other two were on Bakai utca, one on the eastern end and the other on the western end of the block. Only the one on the western end was always in use. From 500 to 600 employees, 70 percent of whom were women, worked here in three eight-hour shifts, six days a week.
- (46) Caillag Prison (Caillag Edriton). One of the largest prisons in Hungary, it was surrounded by a wall four meters high topped with electrically charged barbed wire.
- (47) Petőfi Caserne (Petőfi Laktenya). Formerly the 42-es Horthy Miklôs Caserne.5-

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- (48) AVH Caserne.6.
- (49) Szeged District Police Station (Szeged Rendőr Kapitányság). This was a six-story brick building with a tiled gable roof, built about 1942. The top floor was taken up by a preliminary detention jail-house. (Vizsgálati Börtőn). This building measured about 50 meters long along the street. There was also a police gym in the yard. There were two entrances for vehicles and one entrance in the center for pedestrians.
- (50) Smithy. About 10 employees produced flat beds for horse-drawn vehicles and springs for automobiles.
- (51) Hungarian Railroad Szeged Business Directorate (MAV Szegedi Uzlet Igazgatosaga, NAV). A four-story brick building with tiled gable roof, it faced on Kossuth Lajos Sugarat. The following departments were located here: Political Department (Politikai Osztály); Construction Department (Epitési Osztály); Traffic Department (Forgalmi Osztály); Telecommunication and Safety Equipment Department (Távközlő és Biztosité Berendezés Osztály); Personnel and Labor Department (Személyzeti és Munkadgyi Osztály); and the Fare and Discount Department (Menetdij és Kedvezmény Osztály). There was running water in this building and it also had central heating.
- (52) Petofi Sports Club. This sports club had a soccer team, swimming team, water-ball team, athletics, ping-pong, bowling, etc. It was the second or third largest sports club in Szeged.
- (53) Court-House (Torvényszék). A four-story building with a tiled gable roof, it measured about 50 x 50 x 15 meters. the Szeged District Court (Szeged Járásbiroság) was located here, plus a few other agencies or courts. There was also a preliminary detention jail-house on the top floor. The main entrance to this court house was on Szécsényi Tér.
- (54) DISZ Szeged City and District Organization (DISZ Szeged Városi és Járási Szervezete). A three-story building measuring about 15 x 10 x 15 meters, it was formerly an apartment house. It faced on Deák Ferenc utca (formerly Horthy Miklós utca).
- (55) Saeged Port Facilities (Rak Part). Sand, coal, weod, etc. were unloaded here, although there was no unloading equipment. There were a few river passenger boats during the summer. One boat ran between Saeged and Csongråd (N 46-42, E 20-10), arriving at Saeged at 0900 hours and leaving for Csongråd at 1430 hours. The river police had their boats parked along the north shore of this port. There was also a winter harbor and ship-repair works located four to five kilometers north of Saeged.

- (56) Police sports club. It occupied the first floor of a three-story building, which was formerly a restaurant.
- (57) Main Post Office (FU Posta). Known as Post Office #1, it was a fourstory brick building measuring 55 x 25 x 18 meters. It was the tallest building in this neighborhood, with its main entrance on the Satesenyi Ter. The fourth floor of this building was constructed or added during 1955. There were public telephone booths in the hall near the main entrance, for both local and long distance calls. Unidentified offices were also located on the first floor. The first floor was divided into three main departments:
  - a. About six windows on the left side of the main entrance (the northern side) took care of the following: postage stamps; mailing of registered, express, and regular mail, but no packages; placing long-distance telephone calls; telegrams; etc.
  - b. About six windows on the right side of the main entrance (the southern side) handled the following: postal money orders; postal savings accounts; postal checks; gasoline coupons; 6to.
  - O. A second entrance on Hid utos handled only the mailing of packages. The second floor was taken up by the Hewsprint Department (Hirle-postally), post office boxes, mailmen's distribution department, and offices. The third and fourth floors were occupied by the automatic telephone exchange system, telegraph exchange, and
- (58) Police Station. A three-story "U"-shaped building, it was formerly the Tissa Hotel (Tissa Ssållé), which was compled by the AVH during 1950 1951. The AVH was replaced by the police station. Its main entrance was on Veselènyi utca. The following departments were located here: motor vehicle registration, issuance of driver's licenses, traffic police (Köslekedèsi Kihàgkai Osståly), traffic violations department, and driminal department (Binigyi Osståly). About 150 policemen were attached to this station.
- (59). Haladas Sports Club. It occupied the first floor of a two-story building.
- (60) Apartment house. It was still under construction in August 1955. It was a "U"-shaped building, its two wings were three stories high and its center part four stories high. It was of brick construction with a reinforced-conserts foundation and a tiled gable roof. The center section faced on Londoni Körüt, and measured about 100 meters long by 15 meters wide. Its wings were about 40 to 50 meters long and about 15 meters wide. This building was supposedly equipped with central heating, running water, gas—and electric utilities. It was built by the 65/1 State Construction Enterprise (65/1 Allami Epitő Vállalat). According to newspapers this apartment house, plus one other, Point (61), were supposed to contain 200 apartments.

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- (61) Apartment house. Completed in August 1955, it was a "U"-shaped brick building with a reinforced-concrete foundation and a tiled gable roof. Its center section faced Baro Jésika utea, and measured about 50 x 20 x 15 meters. Its southern wing was about 20 x 14 x 15 meters, its northern about 15 x 14 x 15 meters.

  These apartments were given only to Stakhanovite workers, CP members etc.
- (62) Sweed Hemp Factory (Sweedi Kendergyar). An old factory, it manufactured flour bags, tent material, water hoses for fire fighting equipment, etc. About 800 employees, 75 per cent. of whom were women, worked in three shifts. Raw material and finished products were delivered by truck. this installation operated its 7 trucks in conjunction with the installation at Point (96). Sources had no information concerning the management of these two installations. They thought that raw materials were brought from the USSR, while finished products were generally delivered to Eudapest.
- (63) Sasged Bread Factory (Sasgedi Kenyérgyár). A single-story brick building with a tiled gable roof, it measured about 15 x 6 to 7 x 3 to 3.5 meters.
- (64) Prison. A two-story building located on Bêke utca therefore referred to as Bêkei Prison it was formerly a military prison.
- (65) Auto Repair Shop # 11. Located on Dibuchit Sugarut # 11 (formerly Kalvaria utes #11), it was formerly privately owned. It consisted of three single-story buildings. There were about 80 employees. Josef SARNYA!
- (66) Masonry (Köfarago Uzem). Formerly the "Fischer" masonry, there were 20 to 25 employees working here.
- (67) Bakery. It contained four ovens heated by wood and coal, employed about 10 people, and was located in a basement.
- (68) Public telephone booth. Same as Point (1), located on Dugonics Ter.
- (69) District library (Járási Könyvtár). A state-owned district library located on the first floor of a three-story apartment building at Satalin Korut # 52. Monthly membership fees were two forints for adults and one forint for children.
- (70) University library (Egyetemi Ednyvtår). A three-story brick building with a tiled gable roof, it measured about 60 x 40 x 24 meters. Many offices and a large hall called "Aula", where the university held its celebrations, dances, balls, etc., were located in this building.
- (71) Cooperative for the Manufacture and Repair of Medical Instruments (Orvosi Mészer Készito és Javité Kisipari Termelő Szévetkesete).

  Located in a single story building, its floor space measured about 25 x 10 meters. It produced small instruments like pliers, scissors, etc.,

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mostly for dentistry.

- (72) Officers' Club. A two-story building, the first floor comprised a dance hall used for movie and theater performances, one day-room, an office, and a toilet. The second floor had a buffet room, a dining room with a seating capacity of about 200, and a game room. The manager was always an army officer. A Lt. GYÖRF! was the manager during 1954. There were two entrances, one on Oroszlán utca and one on Aradi utca.
- (73) Post Office and Police Station. A two-story brick building with a tiled gable roof, it was located on the corner of Råday utos and Torontáli Tèr. The police station was called Ujsseged Station (Ujssegedi Orszoba). Its entrance was on Torontáli Tèr. The post office entrance was located on Råday utos. The post office and the police station were located on the first floor, while the second floor was inhabited by post office employees or police officials.
- (74) Public telephone booth. Same as Point (1), located in front of Mépkert utca # 1.
- (75) Communist Party building. The Ujsseged CP building was a single-story brick building with a tiled gable roof, measured about 10 x 10 x 3 to 3.5 meters. It was formerly a privately owned villa. It was never guarded, only district meetings and celebrations were held here.
- (76) Plywood and wooden box factory (Falenes és Láda gyár). A fairly large installation, it manufactured wooden boxes, cross bars, and parquets.
- (77) Noodle factory (Téssta Gyár). Formerly the Gargyan Téssta Gyár", it was a two-story "L"-shaped brick building with a flat concrete roof. Hachinery occupied the second floor. It employed 40 people before 1948. Its former proprietor was employed in 1955 as a laborer in a bakery.
- (78) Szeged Military Recruiting Center (Szegedi Honvéd Kiegészitő Parancsnokság).6.
- (79) Hungarian Voluntary Defense Association's Szeged Asro Club (MOHOSZ Szegedi Reptilo Clubja). Formerly MRSZ Hungarian Aero Club it was located on the first floor of a two-story apartment building at Zässlö utca # 2. This location was formerly the KURBUS Danoing School ("KURBUS" Tânciskola). It comprised a large club room, office, checkroom, and toilet. The aero club also had a library and a class room on the second floor.
- (80) Hungarian Voluntary Defense Association (Magyar Chkéntes Honvédelmi Szövetzég - MCHUSZ). Formerly the Rungarian Freedom Fighters' Association (Magyar Szabadság Harcosok Szövetsége - MSZHSZ) - it was an "L"shaped single-story brick building with tiled gable roof. The building measured about 15 x 10 x 6 meters. A motorcycle garage and a repair

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shop were located in the basement. Another repair shop in the yard measured about 8 x 6 x 5 meters.

- (81) Donne György Géphonnisó Laktanya (Donna György Motor Vehiole Caserne)6.
- (82) Hattradiss Laktanya (Border Guard Caserne)6.
- (65) Tiesa Shoe Factory (Tiesa CipG Gyár). A two-story, square, brick building with a tiled gable roof and a courtyard lined with concrete tile; it was located on Mosskvai EGrut. About 300 employees, many of whom were women, worked here in two shifts. Its north and south wings measured about 40 meters long by 8 meters wide, while its east and west wings were about 25 meters long by 10 meters wide.
- (84) Paprika mill. A single-story building about 15 x 10 x 4 meters, milling only paprika; it employed about five or six people.
- (85) New apartment houses. These four-story brick buildings, covered with tiled gable roofs, were constructed during 1950 to 1951. Called the Farago Street Apartments (Farago Utoai Bérhásak), they were equipped with central heating, bath rooms, gas, and electricity.
- (86) Hungarian State Railroad Alsóváros Cultural Home (Alsóváros Kulturotthon - MAY). The MAY Cultural Home was located here in a two-story brick building. Military conscriptions were held every year in August and Hovember.5.
- (87) Tissa Hill (Tissa Halom). A flour mill about four stories high, measuring about 50 to 60 x 30 x 20 meters; it was the largest in Smeged:
- (88) AAA Caserns (Légvédelmi Tüzér Laktanya).
- (89) Community slaughterhouse. The only slaughterhouse in Szeged. It had cold-storage and deep-freeze warehouses, and an ice plant which produced ice for distribution throughout Szeged. There was also another small ice plant in Szeged with about 15 employees. The slaughterhouse employed about 500 workers. A single European-standard-gauge railroad track connected the slaughterhouse with the marshalling yards, Point (100).
- (90) Post office. The Alsovaros post office was located here in a single story building.
- (91) Police station. Located here in a single-story building.
- (92) Engineer caserne (Utâss Laktanya). Located on Bêm utoa, formerly Rôka utoa. 6.

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- (93) Saeged Main Railroad Station (Saeged Hagyallomas). The main station building was a large three-story building covered with a tike gable roof. On the first floor were located two ticket windows, three baggage windows, baggage room, cultural room, and offices. On the second floor there was a restaurant, waiting rooms, barber shop, and offices. On the third floor was an apartment for the station master and about nine single bedrooms for transient railroad employees— the fee was 2 forints per night—plus bath rooms, and offices. The main station building measured about 100 x 20 x 15 to 18 meters. There were two warehouses located south of the main station building. Six or seven European—gauge railroad tracks ran parallel to the main station building. The tracks were built on a dike; on the same level as the second story of the main station building, and were about 1,500 meters long. There were no underpasses or overpasses in the station. About 30 trains used this station daily.
- (94) Paprika Mill and Exchange (Paprika Bevaltë). Located here were two concrete-framed driers measuring about 40 x 20 x 15 meters. Farmers and peasants exchanged their raw products here for finished goods. Obligatory deliveries of paprika were also brought here.
- (95) Sueged Freight Railroad Station. About eight standard-European-gauge railroad tracks, spaced about six maters apart, and lined with red bricks, ran through this station. There were two long warehouses here with leading ramps on each side. The warehouses were of woodon-frame construction on concrete foundations and each measured about 200 meters long by about 10 meters wide. Many other small warehouses were located in the area.
- (96) Ujsseged Hemp and Linen Weaving Factory (Ujssegedi Eender és Lenssövő Gyár). This was an old factory which had its own electric power plant, although it was also connected to community power lines. This power plant was utilised in case of emergency not only for the plant itself but also for the city. There were about 1,200 employees, mostly women, working at this plant. Some sections worked three shifts while others worked two. The factory produced lines cloth, textile fabrics, tent material, etc.
- (97) Ujsseged Railroad Station. This was a small station with about four standard-European-gauge railroad tracks. There was very little traffic. Trains left regularly for MAND (N 46-15, E 20-29) and VENESHAZA (N 46-10, E 20-07). An AVE border-guard station here supplied 2-man patrols for each train traveling in border areas. Passengers were transported between here and the Main railroad station of Sweged by bus.
- (98) Little Railroad Station (Eis Vasuti Allonas). A narrow-gauge line the tracks were about 98 on wide extended from here to PUSZTAMERGES (# 46-20, E 19-41), about 30 km. southwest-west of Smeged, and to VAROS TANYA (# 46-11, E 19-47), about 30 to 35 km. west of Smeged.

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The station consisted of a small two-story station building and about five railroad tracks. There was heavy freight traffic on this line during the summer when fruits and vegetables were brought from neighboring areas to Szeged.

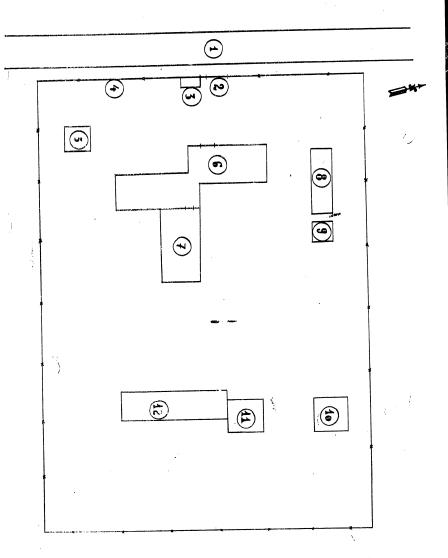
- (99) Göngyölog Enterprise (Göngyölog Vällalat). A wooden box factory preparing boxes for the transporting of fresh fruits and vegetables. It employed about 15 people.
- (100) Sweged Marshalling Yard (Rondess Palyaudvar). One two-story building served as the station building with a smaller building located nearby. The yard had one round-house with about eight to nine tracks, and a turn-table. There was a total of about 25 standard-European-gauge railroad tracks in the yard.

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Enclosure: Overlay of a Non-Standard City Flan of Szeged

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FIGURE 1 - sketch of the Textile Industrial Technical School

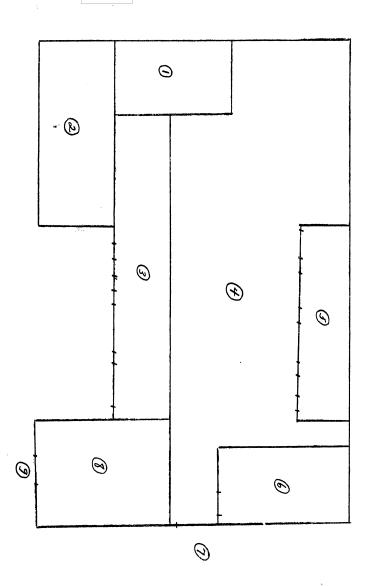


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FIGURE 2 -

Sketch of the Szeged Fire Department

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Figure 3: Sketch of the Textile Combine

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